

Vicenza, 24-26 maggio 2023

L'allele HLA*03:01 è predittivo di una forte risposta anticorpale a 6 mesi dalla vaccinazione anti-Covid-19: risultati dallo studio osservazionale prospettico "RENAISSANCE"

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Vicenza - 25 maggio 2023



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- Since the beginning of SARS-CoV-2 pandemic, several studies have been conducted on HLA and Covid-19 infection and severity
- Conversely, few investigated the role of HLA polymorphism on vaccine response

 Age and gender are predictive of anti-Spike IgG titers at day +14 after mRNA vaccination



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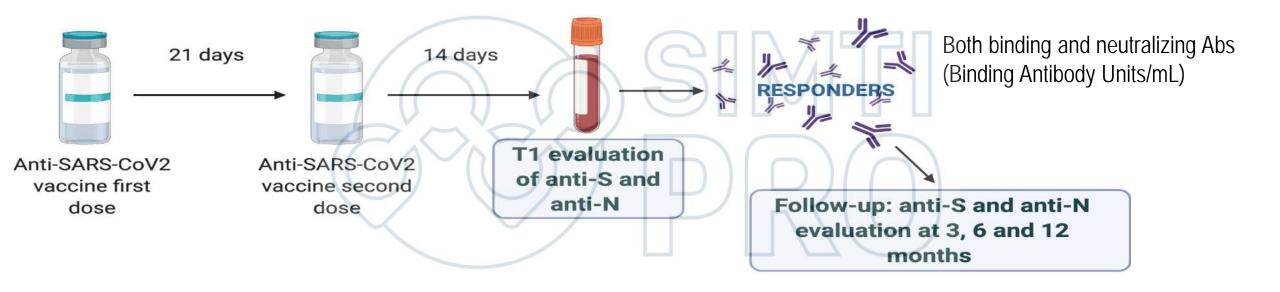
Polymorphism of the HLA system and weak antibody response to BNT162b2 mRNA vaccine

35th European Immunogenetics & Histocompatibility Conference Amsterdam - 19th May 2022

	Study sample	Reference population	P-value
Locus A			$\alpha/m = 0.0042$
03:01 g	3.6036	10.6276	0.0007
33:03 g	2.2523	0.6231	0.0021
Locus B			$\alpha/m = 0.0026$
58:01 g	4.955	1.9756	0.0014
35:02 g	4.955	2.7488	0.0445
37:01 g	3.1532	1.3632	0.0216
Locus C			
05:01 g	2.7027	5.773	0.0499
Locus DRB1			
03:01 g	5.4054	9.4723	0.0385
16:01 g	8.1081	4.9572	0.0307



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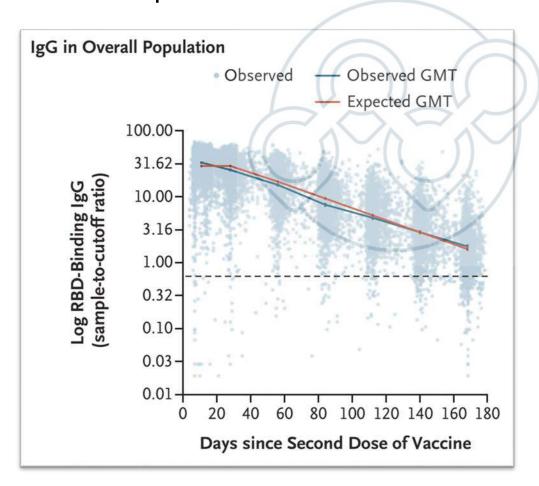


Primary endpoint: anti-S IgG antibodies at 14 days after 2nd dose



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Follow-up: anti-S anti-N evaluation at 3, 6 and 12 months



The NEW ENGLAND JOURNAL of MEDICINE

ORIGINAL ARTICLE

Protection of BNT162b2 Vaccine Booster against Covid-19 in Israel

On July 30, 2021, the administration of a third (booster) dose of the BNT162b2 messenger RNA vaccine (Pfizer–BioNTech) was approved in Israel for persons who were 60 years of age or older and who had received a second dose of vaccine at least 5 months earlier. Data are needed regarding the effect of the booster dose

Levin EG et al., NEJM 2021 Bar-On YM et al., NEJM 2021



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 HLA typing of health care workers enrolled in the RENAISSANCE study having anti-S titers above the 95th percentile at six months after vaccination (out of n=2,569 enrolled in the study)

 Individuals with clinical history of Covid-19 or positive anti-N antibodies were excluded



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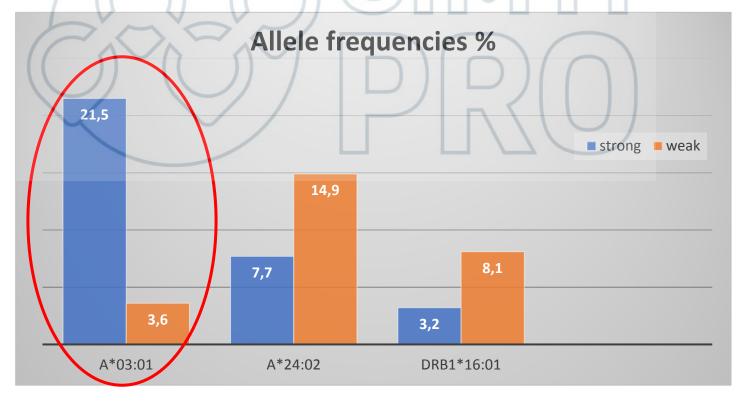
- HLA typing: two-field HLA-A, -B, -C, DRB1 (G groups)
- Allelic frequencies were compared with those of weak responders (anti-S titers <5th perc. at day +14) and of general population, taken from the national bone marrow donor registry, IBMDR
- Multivariate analysis: age, gender, BMI



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n=123 evaluable individuals, one-third with IgG anti-S >2,080 BAU/mL (lowest value of 1,261 BAU/mL) → «strong» responders vs. «weak» responders (n=111 already HLA typed)

IBMDR: 10.6%





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 After multivariate analysis HLA-A*03:01 confirmed to be statistically significant (p<0.0001) and was predictive of high antibody titers at 6 months with an OR of 12.5 with respect to weak antibody levels

Age was the only other significant variable



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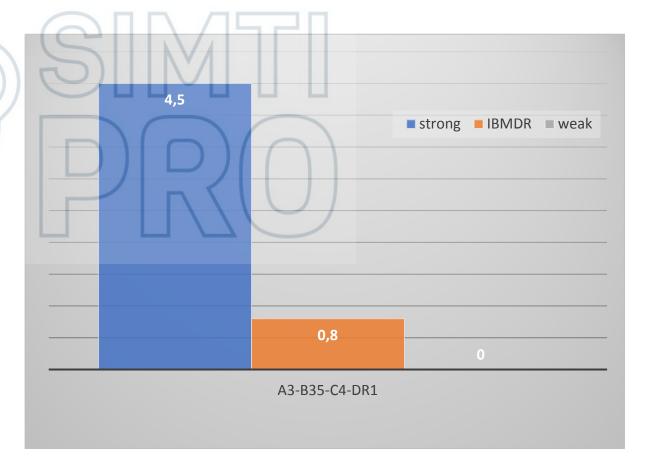
Ancestral haplotype A3~B35~C4~DR1

• A*03:01, :02

B***35:01**, :03, :04, :08

C*04:01

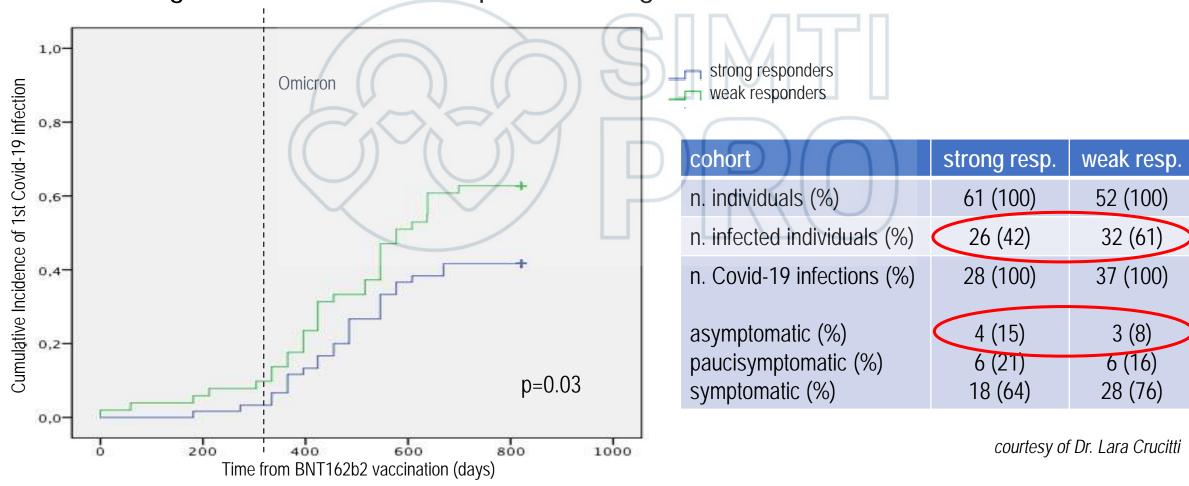
DRB1*01:01, :02, :03, :11





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Looking for a correlation with protection against Covid-19 infection...





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- HLA-A*03:01 confirms to be a significant independent predictor of strong humoral response after BNT162b2 vaccination among n=2,569 individuals enrolled in the prospective observational study RENAISSANCE
- The ancestral haplotype A3~B35~C4~DR1 is more represented among the individuals with a strong humoral response compared with the reference population of over 120,000 healthy hematopoietic stem cell donors. The same haplotype is absent in the group of weak responders
- HLA-A*03:01 and the ancestral haplotype might be involved in the antibody production after BNT162b2 mRNA vaccine, together with the age of vaccinees



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- The anti-Spike antibody titers at 6 months after vaccine correlate with Covid-19 infection, both in terms of number of infections and of severity of clinical presentation
- The identification of HLA-A*03:01 allows for the stratification of vaccinees according to the expected humoral response and risk of breakthrough infection and severity
- These data highlight the role of HLA polymorphism on response after vaccination, confirming its relevance for SARS-CoV-2



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SIMT

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